English References

Birzeit University, Development Studies Programme

Giacaman, Rita and Penny Johnson, eds.

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Milhem, Hashem & Ahmed Abu Baker

Muhanna, Ali & Ahmed Abu Baker

Muhanna, Ali & Ahmed Abu Baker

Naser, Yousef

Palestine. Ministry of Education

Palestine. Ministry of Health

Palestine. Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation (MOPIC)

Palestinian Authority

Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics (PCBS)

Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics (PCBS)

Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics (PCBS)

The Palestinian Center for Microproject Development (PCMD)
The Palestinian Center for micro-project development: annual report [Jerusalem] : PCMD, [199-].

The World Bank
(Appendix 2)

Definition of terms

The economy

- **Gross National Product (GNP):** The market value of all the final goods and services produced during a specific period of time (usually one year).
- **Net payments from abroad:** Payments to foreign factors of production used locally minus payments for Palestinian factors of production used abroad.
- **Gross Domestic Product (GDP):** Gross National Product minus net transfer payments.
- **Real per capita GDP in dollars according to Purchasing Power Parity:** Per capita GDP of a country converted to US dollars to equalize purchasing power to the currency of a country. The UNDP has used Purchasing Power Parity for international GDP comparisons. These comparisons will be more accurate than comparisons based on exchange rates which are extremely unstable.
- **Real per capita GDP:** Real GDP for a given year divided by the population of the country during that year.
- **Rate of inflation:** Measured by the growth rate of the GDP implicit deflator for each given period of time.
- **Trade balance deficit:** Occurs when imports of goods and services exceed export of goods and services.
- **Purchasing power:** The quantity of goods and services that an amount of money can purchase.
- **Remittances:** Funds that workers abroad send to their families living in the WBGS.
- **Labor force:** Total number of people aged 15 and over and below the age of 65 who are able and willing to work (both the employed and the unemployed).
- **The employed:** Whoever is aged 15 and over, and who has worked for a wage for at least one hour during the week prior to the survey, or who has worked for no wages in a family establishment or in a voluntary institution.
- **The unemployed (or job-seekers):** Those aged 15 and over who do not have work and are actively searching for jobs.
- **Official employment in Israel:** Palestinian workers who are working in Israel with permits.
- **Unofficial employment in Israel:** Palestinian workers who are working in Israel without permits.
- **Government expenditure:** The expenditure of all central and other government offices, administrations and institutions. It includes current expenditure and capital or developmental expenditure, but does not include regional, domestic or private expenditure.
- **Public sector:** Includes all productive activities and services provided by all branches and at all levels of government (central government, and local councils).
- **Gross capital formation:** (or what is known as investment) is the combination of the following three components: Gross fixed capital formation, change in deposits, and net holdings in valuables; investment is measured by the purchasing price, as is the case in measuring consumption.

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1. Definitions of terms were adopted from international statistical definitions used by the UNDP Human Development Reports, or those used by the PCBS. Where definitions were not available from these sources, experts were consulted.
• **Final consumption expenditure:** The final consumption of families (made up of expenditure on all goods and services, with the exception of expenditure on construction of housing); the final consumption of the government and non-profit institutions (measured by the value of production minus the value of payments from sales).

• **Average consumption:** Total individual monthly consumption of the following items:
  1. Money spent on purchase of goods and services for daily consumption.
  2. Value of goods and services that the family receives from the household wage-earner, and which is used for the consumption of the family.
  3. Goods that are consumed during a specific period of time, and that are produced by the family.
  4. Estimated house value (in the event of ownership).

• **Average expenditure:** Total individual monthly expenditure on the following items:
  1. Money spent on purchase of goods and services for daily consumption.
  2. Value of goods and services that the family receives from the household wage-earner, and which is used for the consumption of the family.
  3. Expenditure on fees and taxes (non-investment), charity (Zakat), donations, gifts, interest payments on debts, and other non-consumption items.

• **Consumption of food as a percentage of total family consumption:** Consumption calculated from the details of GDP (expenditure at market prices at the national level) specified in United Nations System of National Accounts, mostly included in the fourth (1980) and fifth (1985) stages of the International Comparison Programme.

• **Percentage of poor families:** Percentage of poor families from the population.

• **Abject poverty:** As estimated in the Palestine Poverty Report, for a 6-member household (for the year 1997).

• **Severity of poverty:** A mean indicator for total consumption deficit.

• **Poverty gap:** The percentage of decrease in the average income of the poor from the poverty line.

### Education

• **Literacy:** A person is considered literate if he/she can read and understand a short and simple paragraph on his/her daily life.

• **Basic education:** The foundation of education and the basis upon which other stages of education are based. Its duration is 10 years (age 6-15).

• **Secondary education:** Scholastic education which follows basic education. Its duration is 2 years (age 16-17).

• **Higher education:** Education provided in universities and community colleges. The prerequisite to enroll in higher education is completion of the secondary stage, or its equivalent, and obtaining the General Secondary Education Certificate (Tawjihi), or its equivalent. It is considered to be for the age group of 18-22 (5 scholastic years).

• **Total enrollment rate:** Number of students enrolled in any educational level, whether or not they belong to the appropriate age group, as a percentage of the population who come under the appropriate age group.

### Health

• **Crude birth rate:** Number of live and still births per every 1000 of the population for a given period of time.

• **Crude death rate:** Annual number of deaths per every 1000 of the population.

• **Infant mortality rate:** Annual number of infant (under 1 year of age) deaths per every 1000 of the population.

• **Child mortality rate:** Annual average number of child deaths below the age of 5 per every 1000 of the population, who were born live during the past five years, (the probability of death during the period between birth and the fifth birthday).

• **Life expectancy at birth:** Number of years that a newborn child is expected to live,
under the prevailing mortality patterns at the time of his/her birth.

- **Fertility**: Actual reproductive (childbearing) performance of an individual, couple, group, population or society. (The *actual* number of births a woman had during her reproductive life).

- **Total fertility rate**: Average number of live births a woman has during her life, if she could reproduce at each age period according to the fertility rates prevailing for all stages of life.

**Miscellaneous definitions**

- **Rest of the West Bank**: The West Bank, excluding East Jerusalem.

- **East Jerusalem**: The eastern part of the city of Jerusalem (the part that was under Jordanian rule) occupied by Israel in June 1967 and annexed on June 28, 1967.

- **Zakat committees**: Voluntary institutions that collect the Islamic alms tax (Zakat) and donations from those able to contribute, and distribute the alms to those in need according to a specific social survey mechanism.

- **Occupancy rate**: Average number of persons per room living in a house. It is calculated by dividing the number of people living in a house over the number of rooms.

- **Dependency rate**: Average number of persons supported by a person who works, or is able to work.

- **Gender**: A term that indicates social differences between males and females.

- **Percentage of women to men (gender gap)**: It measures the gap separating what has been achieved by men and women in the same field. The participation rate in the labor force (the percentage of women to men) is 16.1%, which means that in order to achieve equality, women should accomplish achievements at a rate of 84% to catch up with the achievements of men.
List of Case Studies

1. Poverty cases:
   - Unemployed head of household
   - A head of household who lost work in Israel (2 cases)
   - A head of household who lost work in the Palestinian private sector (2 cases)
   - Low-paid worker
   - An extended family under the poverty line
   - Poor family from a village
2. A female headed household
3. The impact of the latest events on a small business
4. The impact of roadblocks on a youth searching for work and trying to his interview in a different region
5. A student who left the university because of roadblocks and poverty
6. The environment in a village
7. A girl who got married at a young age
8. A Bedouin family
9. An innovative small project in response to economic hardship
10. A farmer who lost his land because of settlement activities
11. A farmer who witnessed the destruction of his farm
12. Fishers in Gaza
13. A Gaza student separated from her family for years because of the closure
14. A day in the life of an ambulance driver
15. A family that had to flee its home because of continuos shelling
16. A disabled child who was hit by an Israeli bullet
17. A family lost home because of demolition by the Israeli forces
18. Children in a refugee camps (Dheisheh)
19. Living conditions in a refugee camp (Jalazoun)
20. Local councils in various regions
English References

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The World Bank
Aid effectiveness in the West Bank and Gaza. [s.l.]: The World Bank, 2000.
(Appendix 5)

**Speakers at the activities of DSP, 1999 - 2001**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Speaker 1</th>
<th>Speaker 2</th>
<th>Speaker 3</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yaser Abed Raboh</td>
<td>Hassan Asfour</td>
<td>Omar Abedel Razaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ibrahim Dakkak</td>
<td>Ghazi Al-Surani</td>
<td>Majed Sabih</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salim Tamari</td>
<td>Ali Shaath</td>
<td>Mohammed Al Masrouji</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baian Tabara¹</td>
<td>Mohammed Ishtieieh</td>
<td>Carmela Armanious-Omari</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joan Heblar²</td>
<td>Mohsen Abu Ramadan</td>
<td>Nabil Shaath</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annar Brathen³</td>
<td>Faisal Al Horani</td>
<td>Randa Sanyoura</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amin Madani⁴</td>
<td>Ahmad Majdalani</td>
<td>Samir Abdullah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ken Cole⁵</td>
<td>Alia’ Al Yaseer</td>
<td>Norma Masriyeh</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yousef Abu Safeya</td>
<td>Hisham Mustafa</td>
<td>Ali Jarbawi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ronald Krimar⁶</td>
<td>Sana’ Al Assi</td>
<td>Sufian Mushasha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Khalil Nakhla</td>
<td>Khalil Mahshi</td>
<td>Faroq Dawas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jean Breteche⁷</td>
<td>Itimad Mhana</td>
<td>Islah Jad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Else Owen⁸</td>
<td>Hisham Awartani</td>
<td>Said Al Mudalal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Larry Garber⁹</td>
<td>Zeyad Jarghon</td>
<td>Abedel Karim Ashour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victoria Waltz¹⁰</td>
<td>Mohammad Zuhdi Nashashibi</td>
<td>Abla Nashashibi</td>
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<tr>
<td>Steven Lawery¹¹</td>
<td>Izzat Abdul Hadi</td>
<td>Laila Atshan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Othman Othman¹²</td>
<td>Muntassir Hamdan</td>
<td>Bahjat Eid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jerome Segal¹³</td>
<td>Iyhab Abu Ghosh</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. UN - ESCWA  
2. Journalist – Germany  
3. CROP  
4. UN special Representative for Human rights  
5. University of East Anglia  
6. Western Michigan University  
7. European Union  
8. Bergen University – Norway  
9. USAID  
10. Lecture – Germany  
11. Ford Foundation  
12. Minister of Planning (Egypt)  
13. University of Maryland
(Appendix 6)

Workshops with community leaders, unions, and NGOs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Group- West Bank</strong></th>
<th><strong>In cooperation with</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Political groups</td>
<td>Fateh Headquarters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academics</td>
<td>Department of Sociology &amp; Institute of Gender Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth organizations</td>
<td>Youth Union/Ministry of Youth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women’s organizations</td>
<td>General Union of Women/ Women’s Affairs Technical Committees</td>
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<tr>
<td>NGOs</td>
<td>NGOs Network &amp; Union of Charitable Organizations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Human rights</td>
<td>Independent Commission for Citizens Rights &amp; Human Rights Organizations Council</td>
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<tr>
<td>Organizations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Media institutions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Children’s institutions</td>
<td>National Secretariat for Children</td>
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<tr>
<td>Local councils</td>
<td>Union of Local Councils</td>
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<tr>
<td>Private sector</td>
<td>Paltrade</td>
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**Group/Gaza Strip**

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<tr>
<th><strong>Group/Gaza Strip</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Academics</td>
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<td>Women</td>
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<td>Environment</td>
<td>Ministry of Environment</td>
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<tr>
<td>Political groups</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>NGOs</td>
<td>NGOs Network</td>
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<td>Refugee organizations</td>
<td>Local Refugee Committees</td>
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<tr>
<td>Human rights</td>
<td>Independent Commission for Citizens Rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>organizations</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labor unions</td>
<td>General Union of Workers</td>
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</table>
# Ministerial Committee Members

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ministry</th>
<th>Members</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MOPIC, coordinator</td>
<td>Moh’d Ghadeyeh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Health</td>
<td>Ghaleb abu baker, Faisal Abu shahla</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Justice</td>
<td>Hanna Issa, Moh’d Abu shawish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Education</td>
<td>Said Assaf, Haifa’ Al-Aghah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Agriculture</td>
<td>Adel Breghet, Mahmoud Abu Samra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Social Affairs</td>
<td>Abdullah Hourani, Hani Saba</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Sports and Youth</td>
<td>Rabiha Deiab, Jamileh Abu Samhadaneh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Industry</td>
<td>Osama Al Teybi, Sami Abu Zareefa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Public Works</td>
<td>Majdy Abu Ghareebeh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Housing</td>
<td>Afnan Ayesh, Abedel Karim Abdeen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Local Government</td>
<td>Hani Al-Horob, Hasan Abu Samhadaneh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Finance</td>
<td>Nabhan Othman, Issa El Danaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Awqaf</td>
<td>Moh’d Al-Qawasmi, Mahmoud Al-Nayreb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Culture</td>
<td>Issam Al-Batran, Yousef Sha’ban</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Economy and Trade</td>
<td>Maha Abu Issa, Ghazi Al-Sourani</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Labor</td>
<td>Ghazi Al-Khalili, Abedel Aziz Qudih</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Interior</td>
<td>Sajeda Tareq Zaki</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Higher Education</td>
<td>Ribhi Abu Snina</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
National Conference on Human Development – June 2002

About the Conference

A Palestinian team of researchers and practitioners has completed work on the preparation for the Palestinian Human Development Report (PHDR) – 2002. The PHDR is the outcome of a long process of quantitative and qualitative research, where data from various local and international sources were utilized. Focus groups, case studies, intensive interviews were utilized. Young people and children have also participated through providing their perspective on development issues.

The PHDR provides an indigenous Palestinian perspective on development, and best means to move beyond the current crises. The PHDR offers an approach to the organization of Palestinian Society and directions for future action.

The National Conference on Human Development (Toward A Viable State) provides an opportunity for informed and focused debate on the most salient elements in the reconstruction period and in way of state building. The Conference has the following objectives:

1. Presentation of the key arguments and data in the PHDR (2002)
2. Presentation of a Palestinian perspective on human development, rebuilding, and future action
3. Dissemination of a human development approach that is tailored for Palestinian needs
4. Facilitation of an informed debate among local governmental and non-governmental institutions based on objective analyses of development approaches
5. Provision of an opportunity for international donor governmental and non-governmental organizations to become more familiar with Palestinian points of views and to discuss these views
6. Relating the human development approach to the current debate on institutional development
7. Making available specific recommendations and courses of action concerning over 20 sectors
8. Merging the points of views of Palestinians in both Gaza and the West Bank in a coherent form.

The Conference will include presentations in a number of areas including:

1. Political, economic, social, and institutional implications of the human development approach proposed in the PHDR.
2. A gender analysis of the PHDR.
3. Palestinian institutions with a focus on Ministries, the PLC, the Judiciary, Security Agencies, local councils, election law, and the role of communities in governance.
4. Economic development (economic policies, private sector, and international governmental and non-governmental funding).
5. Social development (education, health, environment, and the role of women in development).
6. Palestinian civil society (NGOs, political groups, and professional and workers’ unions)
7. The role of the media.

Preparations for the Conference included the organization of scores of workshops with experts, community leaders, and representatives of various marginal and interest groups. Over 25 background papers were prepared. Another 40 recommendation papers will also be made available for the conference attendants. The proceeding of the Conference will be made available shortly after the presentations are completed through our homepage. The PHDR will be finalized after the recommendations of the participants are considered.

The Conference is being organized through a number of specialized committees: a committee of sponsors, a media committee, an advisory committee, an administrative committee, an information committee, and a technical committee. The proceedings of the Conference will be covered by various media outlets; and the PHDR itself is currently being the subject of debate through the local media.
Invited to the conference are representatives of governmental and non-governmental institutions, local and international. Decision-makers and other staff members of various institutions, PLC members, NGOs are also invited. Young people will also participate.

The Conference will be simultaneously held in both the West Bank (Ramallah) and Gaza Strip (Gaza City). The recommendations resulting from both conferences will be integrated.

The following documents will be distributed during the Conference:
- A summary of the PHDR.
- 25 background papers.
- Over 40 recommendation papers form the West Bank and Gaza.
- DSP’s publications.
- The publications of other relevant research centers.
- A poster on human development in Palestine.
- The DSP latest opinion poll – survey.
### National Conference on Human Development
(Toward A Viable State)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sunday June 16, 2002</th>
<th>Speakers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Time</strong></td>
<td><strong>Title</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| 9:00 – 10:30 | **Opening Session** | His Excellency President Yaser Arafat  
Birzeit University  
MOPIC  
UNDP  
Technical Advisory Group  
Summary of the PHDR  
**Moderators:**  
Albert Aghazerian & Itimad Muhana |
| 10:30 – 11:00 |  
**Break**  
| 11:00 – 12:45 | **Session One:** Implications of the PHDR  
Political Implications  
Economic Implications  
Social Implications  
Institutional Implications  
The PHDR from a Gender Perspective  
**Moderators:**  
Ghazi Sourni  
Mariam Abu Daqa  
Moein Rajab  
Nahed Al Rayes  
Nahda Younes  
Sami Abu Zarifa  
**Gaza** |  
Bassam Salhi  
Islah Jad  
Naser Abdel Karim  
Ramzi Rihan  
Zaheera Rihan  
Zuhair Sabbagh  
| 12:45 – 13:30 |  
**Lunch Break** |
| 13:30 – 15:00 | **Session Two:** Roundtables – working groups to discuss proposed sector recommendations |
| 15:00 -16:30 | **Session Three:** Issues in social development  
Education  
Environment  
Health  
Social Spending  
**Commentators**  
**Moderators** |  
Moh’d Zeyada  
Dima Zomor  
Moh’d Zeinelden  
Andalib Odwan  
Tafeeda Jarbawi  
Moh’d Said  
Fathi Abu Moghli  
Cairo Arafat  
Moh’d Said  
Khalid Nakhleh  
Jihad Mishal |

* Each Session will be followed by discussion, question-answer period.
**Monday June 17, 2002**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Gaza</th>
<th>West Bank</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9:00 – 10:30</td>
<td><strong>Session Four: Economic Policies &amp; Funding Practices</strong>&lt;br&gt; Economic Development&lt;br&gt; The role of the privat sector&lt;br&gt; International &amp; Arab Funding&lt;br&gt; The role of international NGO’s</td>
<td>- Gazi Sourani (Mahmoud Ja’fari paper)&lt;br&gt;- Moein Rajab&lt;br&gt;- Basem Khalidi&lt;br&gt;- Rajy Sourani&lt;br&gt;- Ali Sha’th&lt;br&gt;- Omar Sha’ban</td>
<td>- Mahound Ja’fari&lt;br&gt;- Samir Abdallah&lt;br&gt;- Moh’d Shadid&lt;br&gt;- Izzat Abdelhadi&lt;br&gt;- Moh’d Ishtaieh&lt;br&gt;- Moh’d Ghadeieh</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:30 – 10:45</td>
<td>Break</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:45 -12:15</td>
<td><strong>Session Five: Palestinian Civil Society</strong>&lt;br&gt; Political groups&lt;br&gt; NGO’s&lt;br&gt; Professional &amp; Workers’ Unions</td>
<td>- Khalid Khatib&lt;br&gt;- Tayseer Mhaisen&lt;br&gt;- Talal Okal</td>
<td>- Tayseer Arouri&lt;br&gt;- Randa Sanyora&lt;br&gt;- Na’em Naser</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:15 – 13:00</td>
<td>Lunch Break</td>
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<tr>
<td>13:00 – 14:30</td>
<td><strong>Session Six: Community Participation</strong>&lt;br&gt; Community participation in local governance&lt;br&gt; Palestinian Elections&lt;br&gt; The role of the media in participatory development</td>
<td>- Ibrahim Khashan&lt;br&gt;- Ziad Abu Amr&lt;br&gt;- Hani Habib</td>
<td>- Fadia Salfiti&lt;br&gt;- Adnan Odeh&lt;br&gt;- Samih Shhib</td>
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<tr>
<td>14:30 – 14:45</td>
<td>Break</td>
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<tr>
<td>14:45 – 16:15</td>
<td><strong>Seventh Session: PNA institutions</strong>&lt;br&gt; Ministries&lt;br&gt; PLC&lt;br&gt; The Judiciary&lt;br&gt; Security Agencies</td>
<td>- Hasan Kashef&lt;br&gt;- Hamdi Shaqora&lt;br&gt;- AbdelRahman Abu Elnaser&lt;br&gt;- Sobheyeh Jom’ah&lt;br&gt;- Reyad Al Hasan&lt;br&gt;- Jamila Sydam</td>
<td>- Ahmad Majdalani&lt;br&gt;- Azmi Shua’ibi&lt;br&gt;- Ali Safarini&lt;br&gt;- Ali Jarbawi&lt;br&gt;- Ghanya Malhees&lt;br&gt;- Liza Traki</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16:15 – 16:45</td>
<td>Closing Remarks</td>
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